

Exercises

Exercise 1:

Show the validity of the updating equation for $(\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t)^{-1}$.

$$(\mathbf{X}'_{t+1} \mathbf{X}_{t+1})^{-1} = (\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t)^{-1} - \frac{(\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t)^{-1} \mathbf{x}_{t+1} \mathbf{x}'_{t+1} (\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t)^{-1}}{1 + \mathbf{x}'_{t+1} (\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t)^{-1} \mathbf{x}_{t+1}}$$

Hint: Use thereby the Matrix Inversion Lemma (see exercise 3).

Exercise 2:

Show the validity of the updating equation for \mathbf{b} .

$$\mathbf{b}_{t+1} = \mathbf{b}_t + \mathbf{P}_t \mathbf{x}_{t+1} \frac{(y_{t+1} - \mathbf{x}'_{t+1} \mathbf{b}_t)}{F_t}$$

Hint: Insert the updating equation for $(\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t)^{-1}$ into the LS estimator for \mathbf{b}_{t+1} and use the decomposition $\mathbf{X}'_{t+1} \mathbf{y}_{t+1} = \mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{y}_t + \mathbf{x}'_{t+1} y_{t+1}$.

Exercise 3:

The Matrix Inversion Lemma states that the following equality holds:

$$(\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{B} \mathbf{C} \mathbf{B}')^{-1} = \mathbf{A}^{-1} - \mathbf{A}^{-1} \mathbf{B} (\mathbf{C}^{-1} + \mathbf{B}' \mathbf{A}^{-1} \mathbf{B}) \mathbf{B}' \mathbf{A}^{-1}$$

where \mathbf{A} is $n \times n$, \mathbf{C} is $m \times m$ and \mathbf{B} is $n \times m$ is to be conformable. Convince yourself of the validity of the Lemma.

Solutions of the exercises:

Exercise 1:

Show the validity of the updating equation for $(\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t)^{-1}$.

$$(\mathbf{X}'_{t+1} \mathbf{X}_{t+1})^{-1} = (\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t)^{-1} - \frac{(\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t)^{-1} \mathbf{x}_{t+1} \mathbf{x}'_{t+1} (\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t)^{-1}}{1 + \mathbf{x}'_{t+1} (\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t)^{-1} \mathbf{x}_{t+1}}$$

Hint: Use thereby the Matrix Inversion Lemma (see exercise 3).

Solution:

Because of $\mathbf{X}'_{t+1} \mathbf{X}_{t+1} = \mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t + \mathbf{x}_{t+1} \mathbf{x}'_{t+1}$ we have:

$$(\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t + \mathbf{x}_{t+1} \mathbf{x}'_{t+1})^{-1} = (\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t)^{-1} - \frac{(\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t)^{-1} \mathbf{x}_{t+1} \mathbf{x}'_{t+1} (\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t)^{-1}}{1 + \mathbf{x}'_{t+1} (\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t)^{-1} \mathbf{x}_{t+1}}$$

The equality follows immediately from the Matrix Inversion Lemma

$$(\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{BCB}')^{-1} = \mathbf{A}^{-1} - \mathbf{A}^{-1} \mathbf{B} (\mathbf{C}^{-1} + \mathbf{B}' \mathbf{A}^{-1} \mathbf{B}) \mathbf{B}' \mathbf{A}^{-1}$$

with $\mathbf{A} = \mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t$, $\mathbf{B} = \mathbf{x}_{t+1}$, $\mathbf{C} = 1$.

Exercise 2:

Show the validity of the updating equation for b.

$$\mathbf{b}_{t+1} = \mathbf{b}_t + \mathbf{P}_t \mathbf{x}_{t+1} \frac{(y_{t+1} - \mathbf{x}'_{t+1} \mathbf{b}_t)}{F_t}$$

Hint: Insert the updating equation for $(\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t)^{-1}$ into the LS estimator for \mathbf{b}_{t+1} and use the decomposition $\mathbf{X}'_{t+1} \mathbf{y}_{t+1} = \mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{y}_t + \mathbf{x}_{t+1} y_{t+1}$.

Solution

$$\mathbf{b}_{t+1} = (\mathbf{X}'_{t+1} \mathbf{X}_{t+1})^{-1} \mathbf{X}'_{t+1} \mathbf{y}_{t+1}$$

$$\mathbf{b}_{t+1} = \left((\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t)^{-1} - \frac{(\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t)^{-1} \mathbf{x}_{t+1} \mathbf{x}'_{t+1} (\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t)^{-1}}{1 + \mathbf{x}'_{t+1} (\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t)^{-1} \mathbf{x}_{t+1}} \right) (\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{y}_t + \mathbf{x}_{t+1} y_{t+1})$$

$$\mathbf{b}_{t+1} = \mathbf{b}_t + (\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t)^{-1} \mathbf{x}'_{t+1} y_{t+1} - \frac{(\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t)^{-1} \mathbf{x}'_{t+1} \mathbf{x}'_{t+1} (\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t)^{-1}}{1 + \mathbf{x}'_{t+1} (\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t)^{-1} \mathbf{x}_{t+1}} (\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{y}_t + \mathbf{x}_{t+1} y_{t+1})$$

$$\mathbf{b}_{t+1} = \mathbf{b}_t + (\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t)^{-1} \mathbf{x}'_{t+1} \left[y_{t+1} - \frac{\mathbf{x}'_{t+1} (\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t)^{-1}}{1 + \mathbf{x}'_{t+1} (\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t)^{-1} \mathbf{x}_{t+1}} (\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{y}_t + \mathbf{x}_{t+1} y_{t+1}) \right]$$

$$\mathbf{b}_{t+1} = \mathbf{b}_t + (\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t)^{-1} \mathbf{x}'_{t+1} \left[\frac{y_{t+1} \left(1 + \mathbf{x}'_{t+1} (\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t)^{-1} \mathbf{x}_{t+1} \right) - \mathbf{x}'_{t+1} (\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t)^{-1} (\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{y}_t + \mathbf{x}_{t+1} y_{t+1})}{1 + \mathbf{x}'_{t+1} (\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t)^{-1} \mathbf{x}_{t+1}} \right]$$

The terms $y_{t+1} \mathbf{x}'_{t+1} (\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t)^{-1} \mathbf{x}_{t+1}$ and $\mathbf{x}'_{t+1} (\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t)^{-1} \mathbf{x}_{t+1} y_{t+1}$ are equal because $\mathbf{x}'_{t+1} (\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t)^{-1} \mathbf{x}_{t+1}$ is a scalar. They cancel out. We therefore get:

$$\mathbf{b}_{t+1} = \mathbf{b}_t + (\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t)^{-1} \mathbf{x}'_{t+1} \left[\frac{y_{t+1} - \mathbf{x}'_{t+1} \mathbf{b}_t}{1 + \mathbf{x}'_{t+1} (\mathbf{X}'_t \mathbf{X}_t)^{-1} \mathbf{x}_{t+1}} \right]$$

Exercise 3:

The Matrix Inversion Lemma states that the following equality holds:

$$(\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{BCB}')^{-1} = \mathbf{A}^{-1} - \mathbf{A}^{-1} \mathbf{B} (\mathbf{C}^{-1} + \mathbf{B}' \mathbf{A}^{-1} \mathbf{B}) \mathbf{B}' \mathbf{A}^{-1}$$

where \mathbf{A} is $n \times n$, \mathbf{C} is $m \times m$ and \mathbf{B} is $n \times m$ is to be conformable. Convince yourself of the validity of the Lemma.

Solution

Let \mathbf{D} be an $n \times n$ matrix defined by

$$\mathbf{D} = [\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{BCB}']^{-1}$$

where \mathbf{A} and \mathbf{C} are non-singular matrices of order n and m respectively, and \mathbf{B} is $n \times m$.

Then

$$\mathbf{D} = \mathbf{A}^{-1} - \mathbf{A}^{-1} \mathbf{B} [\mathbf{C}^{-1} + \mathbf{B}' \mathbf{A}^{-1} \mathbf{B}]^{-1} \mathbf{B}' \mathbf{A}^{-1}$$

The result may be verified directly by showing that $\mathbf{DD}^{-1} = \mathbf{I}$. Let $\mathbf{E} = \mathbf{C}^{-1} + \mathbf{B}' \mathbf{A}^{-1} \mathbf{B}$. Then

$$\mathbf{D}^{-1} \mathbf{D} = \mathbf{I} - \mathbf{BE}^{-1} \mathbf{B}' \mathbf{A}^{-1} + \mathbf{BCB}' \mathbf{A}^{-1} + \mathbf{BCB}' \mathbf{A}^{-1} \mathbf{BE}^{-1} \mathbf{B}' \mathbf{A}^{-1}$$

$$\mathbf{D}^{-1} \mathbf{D} = \mathbf{I} + [-\mathbf{BE}^{-1} + \mathbf{BC} - \mathbf{BCB}' \mathbf{A}^{-1} \mathbf{BE}^{-1}] \mathbf{B}' \mathbf{A}^{-1}$$

$$\mathbf{D}^{-1} \mathbf{D} = \mathbf{I} + \mathbf{BC} [-\mathbf{C}^{-1} \mathbf{E}^{-1} + \mathbf{I} - \mathbf{B}' \mathbf{A}^{-1} \mathbf{BE}^{-1}] \mathbf{B}' \mathbf{A}^{-1}$$

$$\mathbf{D}^{-1} \mathbf{D} = \mathbf{I} + \mathbf{BC} [\mathbf{I} - [\mathbf{C}^{-1} + \mathbf{B}' \mathbf{A}^{-1} \mathbf{B}] \mathbf{E}^{-1}] \mathbf{B}' \mathbf{A}^{-1}$$

$$\mathbf{D}^{-1}\mathbf{D} = \mathbf{I} + \mathbf{BC}[\mathbf{I} - \mathbf{EE}^{-1}]\mathbf{B}'\mathbf{A}^{-1} = \mathbf{I}$$

An important special case arises when \mathbf{B} is an $n \times 1$ vector, \mathbf{b} , and $\mathbf{C} = 1$. Then

$$(\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{bb}')^{-1} = \mathbf{A}^{-1} - \frac{\mathbf{A}^{-1}\mathbf{bb}'\mathbf{A}^{-1}}{1 + \mathbf{b}'\mathbf{A}^{-1}\mathbf{b}}.$$